

Current Transducer LA 25-NP/SP13

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.



| Electrical data | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS | current | 0.5 | А | | | |
| I_{PM} | Primary current, measuring range | | 0 ±0 | 0.72 A | | | |
| R_{M} | Measuring resistance with ±15 V | @ ±0.50 A _{max} @ ±0.72 A _{max} | $R_{ m Mmin}$ 100 | $R_{\mathrm{M max}}$ 320 Ω 190 Ω | | | |
| $I_{\mathrm{S\;N}}$ | Secondary nominal RMS current | | 25 | mA | | | |
| $N_{\mathrm{P}}\!/N_{\mathrm{S}}$ | Turns ratio | | 50 : 10 | 000 | | | |
| U_{C} | Supply voltage (±5 %) |) | ±15 | V | | | |
| I_{C} | Current consumption | | 10 + <i>I</i> , | mA | | | |

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data % ±0.5 Total error @ I_{PN} , T_{Δ} = 25 °C $\varepsilon_{\mathrm{tot}}$ % Linearity error < 0.2 $\varepsilon_{\rm L}$ Тур Max $I_{\rm O\,E}$ Electrical offset current 1) @ $I_P = 0$, $T_A = 25$ °C ±0.05 ±0.15 mΑ Magnetic offset current $^{2)}$ @ I_{P} = 0 and specified R_{M} , I_{OM} after an overload of $3 \times I_{PN}$ ±0.05 ±0.15 mΑ 0 °C ... +70 °C Temperature variation of I_{Ω} ±0.20 ±0.60 mΑ I_{OT} -25 °C ... 0 °C ±0.20 ±0.50 mΑ -40 °C ... −25 °C | ±0.30 |±1.00 mΑ Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step $^{3)}$ < 1 μs $t_{\rm D\,90}$ Frequency bandwidth (-1 dB) DC ... 150

| General data | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|-----------|--|
| T_{A} | Ambient operating temperature | -40 +70 | °C | |
| T_{Ast} | Ambient storage temperature | -45 +85 | °C | |
| R_{P} | Resistance of primary (winding) @ T_A = 25 °C | < 190 | $m\Omega$ | |
| R_{S} L_{P} | Resistance of secondary winding @ T_A = 70 °C Insertion inductance | 110 121 | Ω μH | |
| R_{INS} | Insulation resistance @ 500 V, T_A = 25 °C | > 1500 | МΩ | |
| m | Mass | 22 | g | |
| | Standards 4) | EN 50178 | | |
| | | EN 50155:201 | 17 | |

Notes: 1) Measurement carried out after 15 mn functioning

²⁾ The result of the coercive field of the magnetic circuit

³⁾ For a di/dt = 50 A/µs

⁴⁾ A list of corresponding tests is available.

$I_{PN} = 0.5 A$



Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer using the Hall
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special features

- $I_{PN} = 0.5 A$
- $I_{PM} = 0 \dots \pm 0.72 \text{ A}$
- $N_{\rm p}/N_{\rm S} = 50:1000$
- T_△ = -40 °C ... +70 °C.

Advantages

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- High immunity to external interference
- · Current overload capability.

Applications

kHz

- · AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- · Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- · Power supplies for welding applications
- Single or three phase inverters
- Propulsion and braking chopper
- Propulsion converter
- Auxiliary converter
- Battery charger.

Application domains

- Industrial
- Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

RW



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| Insulation coordination | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------|----|--|
| U_{d} | RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 2.5 | kV | |
| U_{Ni} | Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs | 16 | kV | |
| | | Min | | |
| $d_{\rm Cp}$ | Creepage distance | 19.5 | mm | |
| d_{CI} | Clearance | 19.5 | mm | |
| CTI | Comparative tracking index (group IIIa) | 175 | | |

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category OV 3
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

| | EN 50178 | IEC 61010-1 |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------|
| $\overline{d_{\rm Cp},d_{\rm CI},U_{\rm Ni}}$ | Rated insulation voltage | Nominal voltage |
| Basic insulation | 1700 V | 1700 V |
| Reinforced insulation | 600 V | 600 V |

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

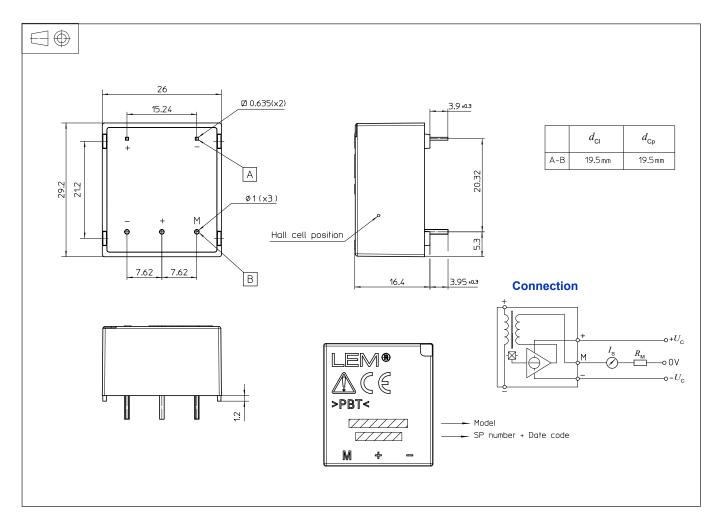
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions LA 25-NP/SP13 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Fastening & connection of primary

• Fastening & connection of secondary

• Recommended PCB hole

±0.2 mm

2 pins

0.635 × 0.635 mm

3 pins Ø 1 mm

1.2 mm

Remark

 $\bullet \ \ I_{\rm S}$ is positive when $I_{\rm P}$ flows from terminal + to terminal -.